Value Added in Mining Per Employee, by Size of Establishment: TABLE 10. 1963-continued

| Value added per employee classes | Number of employees | Tota | employees | Number 20 to 49 employees | of establishmen 50 to 99 employees | ts with average e | 250 to 499 employees | 500 to 499 employees | 1 000 employees and over |
|--|-----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total « | | 1044.— <mark>S</mark> ILVER ORES INDUSTRY | | | | | | | |
| ess than \$3 000 000 to \$3 999 \$4 000 to \$4 999 \$5 000 to \$5 999 \$7 000 to \$7 999 \$8 000 to \$9 999 \$10 000 to \$9 999 \$12 500 to \$14 999 \$15 000 to \$19 999 Undistributed | 1.458 83 11 } - | f 1 | 99 24 4 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 59 | 2 1 1 | 2 1 1 | 3 1 2 | 1 | - | |

Standard Motes: - Represents zero. (D) Withheld to avoid disclosing figures for individual companies. (MA) Not available. (X) Not applicable. In computing these ratios contract employment serving the establishment is excluded. The cost of contract work expressed as a percent of pavroll for 1963 was for the Cooper Ores Industry. 16.3 percent: for the Lader Gold Industry. 15.9 percent: and for the Silver Ores Industry. 6.1 percent: for the Plader Gold Industry. 15.9 percent: and for the Silver Ores Industry. 6.1 percent.

Represents establishments with no employees or with negative value added in mining and, for number of employees, figures for separately reported central offices and related facilities.